



Short Review Paper

## Intrusion detection technique for medical cyber physical systems using behavior rule: a review

Pooja Vitthalrao Ingle\* and S.N. Kakarwal

Department of Computer Sci. & Engg., P.E.S College of Engineering, Aurangabad, India  
pooja.ingale11@gmail.com

Available online at: [www.isca.in](http://www.isca.in), [www.isca.me](http://www.isca.me)

Received 8<sup>th</sup> November 2016, revised 7<sup>th</sup> April 2017, accepted 10<sup>th</sup> May 2017

### Abstract

*In the intrusion detection technique for medical cyber physical systems using behavior rule, we find the intrusion in medical cyber physical system using the behavior of medical device current value. In the behavior rule technique for intrusion detection, medical devices are connected in cyber physical system in which the patient's security and is of the most importance factor. In that, all medical device standard value i.e. normal behavior of device is stored. The technique to transform behavior rules to a state machine like patient current value is transfer in to machine and checked the patient current value and device normal behavior value. So that, a device that is observed for its behavior can easily. is checked against the state machine for deviation from its behavior specification. If the device behavior is against the behavior rule, in that case intrusion occurs.*

**Keywords:** Intrusion detection system, Medical cyber physical system, Patient controlled analgesia, Network Intrusion Detection System.

### Introduction

Medical device interoperability has the potential to reduce health care costs, improve patient outcomes, and improve patient safety and improve the quality of medical system. Achieving interoperability requires that medical devices and other equipment share the same information model and communication protocol<sup>1</sup>. The rapid use of the Internet along with rapid advances in miniaturization, speed, power, less time and mobility have led to the pervasive use of networking and information technologies (IT) across all sector like economic sectors. Security issue is the main factor in that i.e. we use the high range of intrusion detection technique. Integrated networking, pattern matching, information processing, sensing, and actuation capabilities allow physical devices to operate in changing environments<sup>2</sup>.

Cyber physical systems are becoming popular and it feel the user friendly, it is used in various areas and technology like power networks, health care devices, transportation networks, industrial process, and infrastructures. CPS is very user friendly. I.e. it is easy to understand as cyber, physical systems are used more and more extensively and thoroughly, security of cyber physical systems has become the utmost important concern in system design, implementation, and research<sup>3</sup>. Intrusion detection system is the most important factor at detecting attacks against computer networks, computer system, system data, and information about system. Day to day over all organizations is much more dependent on network-based system to store all the information on server. Intrusion detection system

is increasingly a most important factor of system, which helps in detecting abnormal activities on the network to keep data, secured<sup>4</sup>. Abnormal behavior detection can be used in many use full fields such as surveillance systems, network intrusion detection, and health care monitoring systems<sup>5</sup>.

### Overview of intrusion detection

Intrusion detection systems the purpose for detecting attacks against computer systems and networks or, in general, against information system<sup>6</sup>. Intrusion detection systems are usually deployed along with other preventive security mechanisms, such as access control and authentication, security as a second line of defense that protects information systems. There are many benefit that make intrusion detection a necessary part of the entire defense system<sup>7</sup>.

### Types of Intrusion Detection Systems: Signature Based

**Detection:** In the Signature, based detection is corresponding to pattern detection. In that, we have already known the pattern of signature. In that we compare signature against observe events. This technique is not suitable for all condition; it is applicable when threats are known. If threat is unknown it is not work<sup>8</sup>.

**Anomaly based detection:** Anomaly detection technique store the systems normal behaviour information i.e. system normal behavior such as kernel information, system logs event, operating system information, CPU utilization, efficiency all normal setting of system, etc into the database. If any abnormal behaviour or intrusive activity occurs in the computer system,

which deviates from system normal behaviour, then an alarm is generated<sup>9</sup>.

**Trust based detection:** Providing security is a complicated process due to the nature of the network. Restricting the anomaly access becomes the big issue. Most of the anomaly access takes place because of the lack of trust among the nodes. In trust based we put a trust on system there is no any problem occurs this is same anomaly type all information about system is already store<sup>10</sup>.

**Specification based detection:** Specification-based intrusion detection, in that manually specified program behavioral specifications are used i.e. all the normal information about system as a basis to detect attacks, have been proposed as a promising alternative that combine the strengths of misuse detection (accurate detection of known attacks) and anomaly detection (ability to detect novel attacks). In that behavior of system is already store when some threat occurs the system compare, their behavior is normal or abnormal<sup>11</sup>.

Network based detection: The data loss and data hack is the main problem on the network, the Network Intrusion Detection System (NIDS) is one common type of IDS that analyzes network traffic and packet loss at all layers of the Open Systems Interconnection model and makes decisions about the purpose of the traffic, packet loss analyzing for suspicious activity. In that packet loss, duplicate packet, change the data of packet, or hack the packet etc intrusion occur. Most NIDSs are easy to deploy on a network and can often view traffic from many systems at once<sup>12</sup>.

### MCPS intrusion detection design

The intrusion detection system, design for MCPS model is base on the specification based behavioral rules for each medical device. The behavior rules are already stored in our system, the monitor observe the device value and show the patient behavior is normal or abnormal. In some case unauthenticated user, change the value of device in that IDS detect the behavior of device, generate the alarm, and inform the high authority<sup>13</sup>.

**Behavior Rules:** Behavior rules are predefined during the design and testing phase. Our intrusion detection system takes a set of behaviour rules for a device as input and detects if a device's behaviour change from the expected behaviour specified by the set of behaviour rules. In that behavior rule, we set the normal value range of medical device and compare the current value of patient. If the intrusion detection activity is performed in the background, the current value of device is against the behavior rule that time intrusion occurs. Behavior specification rule are main useful in MCPS. Our IDS design for the MCPS model relies on the use of lightweight specification-based behavior rules for each medical device<sup>14</sup>.

**Transforming behavior Rules to State Machines:** The intrusion is detected in this step In that, we apply the

transforming behavior rules to state machine, in that monitor observe the rule the value of medical device range is properly there is no issue but the value of medical device is out of range i.e. against the behavior of device that condition intrusion occur. For security purpose, we generate the alarm or send the intrusion message to high authority.

### Conclusion

In this paper we study the various intrusion detection techniques, in that the specification based intrusion detection is best to detect intrusion attack as compared to another. For security of MCPSs will be able to detect attackers while limiting the false alarm probability to protect the welfare of patients is of utmost importance. A behavior-rule specification-based IDS technique for intrusion detection of medical devices embedded in a MCPS.

### Acknowledgement

This work has been supported by the Department of Computer Science and IT, Dr. BAMU University, Aurangabad. We wish to thank you them. I am thankful to Head of Department Prof. V. A. Losarwar who is being source of inspiration. I am thankful to my respected guide Prof. S.N.Kakarwal for her affectionate encouragement.

### References

1. Arney David, Plourde Jeff, Schrenker Rick, Mattegunta Pratyusha, Whitehead Susan F. and Goldman Julian M. (2014). Design Pillars for Medical Cyber-Physical System Middleware. 124.
2. Sztipanovits Janos, Ying Susan, Cohen I., Corman D., Davis J., Khurana H., Mosterman P.J., Prasad V. and Stormo L. (2013). Strategic R & D opportunities for 21<sup>st</sup> century cyber physical system. *Technical report, Technical Report for Steering Committee for Foundation in Innovation for Cyber-Physical Systems*, 2.
3. Lu Tianbo, Zhao Jinyang, Zhao Lingling, Li Yang and Zhang Xiaoyan (2015). Towards a Framework for Assuring Cyber Physical System Security. *International Journal of Security and Its Applications*, 9(3), 25-40.
4. Bansal Bindiya and Singh Kulwinder (2015). Rule Based Intrusion Detection System to Identify Attacking Behaviour and Severity of Attacks. *International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer Science and Software Engineering*, 5(1), 718-724.
5. Park Kyungseo, Lin Yong, Metsis Vangelis, Le Zhengyi and Makedon Fillia (2010). Abnormal Human Behavioral Pattern Detection in Assisted Living Environments. Proceedings of the 3rd International Conference on Pervasive Technologies Related to Assistive Environments, 9.

6. Deber Herve (2000). An introduction to intrusion-detection systems. Proceedings of Connect.
7. Anand Amrita and Patel Brajesh (2012). An Overview on Intrusion Detection System and Types of Attacks It Can Detect Considering Different Protocols. 2(8), 94-98.
8. Scarfone Karen and Mell Peter (2007). Guide to Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems (IDPS). NIST, Special Publication 800-94.
9. Sandhu Usman Asghar, Haider Sajjad, Naseer Salman and Ateeb Obaid Ullah (2011). A Survey of Intrusion Detection & Prevention Techniques. *IPCSIT*, 16, 67.
10. Mukesh Krishnan M.B. and P. Sheik Abdul Khader (2013). Trust Based Intrusion Detection System for Mobile Ad Hoc Network. 1, 107-108.
11. Uppuluri P. and Sekar R. (2001). Experiences with Specification-based Intrusion Detection. International Workshop on Recent Advances in Intrusion Detection, 172-189.
12. Kumar B.Santosh, Sekhara T.Chandra Phani Raju, Ratnakar M., Baba Sk. Dawood and Sudhakar N. (2013). Intrusion Detection System- Types and Prevention. 4(1), 77-82.
13. Mitchell Robert and Chen Ray (2015). Behavior Rule Specification-Based Intrusion Detection for Safety Critical Medical Cyber Physical Systems. *IEEE Transactions on Dependable and Secure Computing*, 12(1), 16-30.
14. Jahan Jameela, Karre Shilpa and Farha Saleha (2015). Detection of Intrusions by Using Behavior Rule Specification Based Technique for Providing Security to MCPSS. 2, 904-909.